## Grange Company of Target Archers Constitution

Version: 2016 (30.04.16)

## 1 Interpretation

(1) In these rules-

Act means the Associations Incorporation Act 1981. present-
(a) at a management committee meeting, see rule 23(6); or
(b) at a general meeting, see rule 37(2).
(2) A word or expression that is not defined in these model rules, but is defined in the Act has, if the context permits, the meaning given by the Act.

## 2 Name

The name of the incorporated association is the Grange Company of Target Archers Inc (the association).

## 3 Objects

The objects of the association are-
(a) To perpetuate the principles and practice of archery
(b) To promote archery as a recreational activity and a competitive sport
(c) To host archery events and tournaments
(d) To create or adopt and to perpetuate rules relevant to archery
(e) To promote skills development and encourage participation in the sport of archery at all levels
(f) To promote a safe and enjoyable drug free sport
(g) To promote the growth of membership of the association

## 4 Powers

(1) The association has the powers of an individual.
(2) The association may, for example-
(a) enter into contracts; and
(b) acquire, hold, deal with and dispose of property; and
(c) make charges for services and facilities it supplies; and
(d) do other things necessary or convenient to be done in carrying out its affairs.
(3) The association may take over the funds and other assets and liabilities of other associations.
(4) The association may issue secured and unsecured notes, debentures and debenture stock for the association.
(5) The association may become a member of or associate with or affiliate with other organisations, clubs or associations, including the South Queensland Archery Society and Archery Australia.
(6) The association may exclude any person, including members, from the grounds and other facilities under the association's control or from any activity at any time, with or without reason. This power may be delegated by the management committee to appointed officers or officials.
(7) The association may discipline members or employees for breaches of this constitution, or any by-law, rule, policy, code of practice, procedure or resolution of the management committee. Such discipline action may include exclusion, suspension, and termination of membership or employment, withdrawal of rights and privileges, fines or other measures that the management committee considers appropriate. When a fine is imposed it shall not exceed twice the amount of the association's annual membership fee.
(8) The association may register trading names or business names or adopt other names by which it is to be known.

## 5 Classes of members

(1) The membership of the association consists of any of the following classes of members -
(a) Temporary members
(b) Associate members
(c) Provisional members
(d) Ordinary members
(e) Life members
(f) Honorary members
(2) The number of temporary members, associate members, provisional members and ordinary members is unlimited.
(3) On appointment the number of life members is limited to no more than 5 life members, or 5 percent of the number of adult ordinary members, whichever is the greater.
(4) On appointment the number of honorary members is limited to no more than 5 honorary members, or 5 percent of the number of adult ordinary members, whichever is the greater.

## 6 Membership

(1) Temporary members are visiting archers or those undertaking "come and try" sessions, beginner courses or special programs, and have limited rights of participation as determined by the management committee. Temporary members shall not be entitled to vote.
(2) Associate members shall be non-shooting members and may not participate in the practice of archery. Associate members shall not be entitled to vote.
(3) Provisional members are those members that have joined the club within the last 12 months to participate in archery. The provisional membership period is for one year however this period may waived by the management committee. Provisional members shall not be entitled to vote. On expiration of the provisional membership period or its waiver a provisional member shall become an ordinary member.
(4) Ordinary members may participate in archery activities. Ordinary members of the age of 18 years old and over have the right to vote.
(5) Life members have special standing in the association.
(a) The number of life members is limited as referred to in rule 5 (3).
(b) Life membership may be bestowed on any present or past member of the association who has rendered outstanding service to the association over a considerable period of time. There shall not be more than one life membership granted in any two year calendar period. To be considered for a new life membership the person must have been a member of the association for a minimum period of 10 years.
(c) A motion to bestow life membership shall first be approved by the management committee or a petition presented to the management committee by at least 30 adult ordinary members or $20 \%$ of the total adult membership, whichever is the lesser.
(d) The motion or petition to bestow life membership shall be put to a special general meeting or to the next annual general meeting, but such that not more than 12 months shall pass from the time that the management committee first receives the petition or approves the motion.
(e) Life membership is bestowed for life; however a life member may resign life membership or may choose to become an inactive life member. A life member shall remain a member of the association even if he or she does not affiliate with any sport governing body.
(f) Life members have the rights of ordinary members.
(g) Life members shall not be liable to the payment of the association's annual membership fees and may be granted reduced shooting fees by the management committee.
(h) A life member shall be entitled to a badge which may show the year of award and they shall be entitled to wear the badge at the club on any occasion and in perpetuity.
(6) Honorary members have significant standing in the association.
(a) Honorary members of the association may be appointed by the management committee in recognition of service or as a patron to be a special representatives of the association.
(b) The number of honorary members is limited as referred to in rule 5 (4).
(c) An honorary member shall not be liable to the payment of the association's annual membership fees.
(d) The period of time of appointment shall be for one year.
(e) Honorary members shall not be entitled to vote unless determined otherwise by the management committee.
(f) An honorary member shall have the title and role as determined by the management committee.

## 7 New membership

(1) An applicant for membership of the association must be approved by two persons delegated by the management committee to receive and process applications for membership.
(2) An application for membership must be-
(a) in writing; and
(b) signed by the applicant
(c) approved by two persons delegated to approve new applications; and
(d) in the form decided by the management committee.

## 8 Membership fees

(1) The membership fee for each ordinary membership and for each other class of membership (if any)-
(a) is the amount decided by the members from time to time at a general meeting; and
(b) is payable when, and in the way, the management committee decides.

## 9 Admission and rejection of new members

(1) The persons delegated by the management committee to accept applications must consider an application for membership within 4 months after the association receives -
(a) the application for membership; and
(b) the appropriate membership fee for the application.
(2) The management committee must ensure that, as soon as possible after the person applies to become a member of the association, and before the persons application is considered, the person is advised -
(a) whether or not the association has public liability insurance; and
(b) if the association has public liability insurance - the amount of the insurance.
(3) If a membership is rejected by the delegated persons then the secretary must be advised, and the secretary will list the application that has been rejected for consideration at the next management committee meeting in the event that an appeal has been lodged by the applicant.
(4) The secretary of the association must, as soon as practicable after the delegated persons have rejected an application, give the applicant notice of the decision and the right of appeal from rejection of membership.

## 10 When membership ends

(1) A member may resign from the association by giving a written notice of resignation to the secretary.
(2) The resignation takes effect at-
(a) the time the notice is received by the secretary; or
(b) if a later time is stated in the notice-the later time.
(3) The management committee may terminate a member's membership if the member-
(a) is convicted of an indictable offence; or
(b) does not comply with any of the provisions of these rules; or
(c) has membership fees in arrears for at least 2 months; or
(d) conducts himself or herself in a way considered to be injurious or prejudicial to the character or interests of the association or its members.
(e) is subject to a disciplinary decision
(4) Before the management committee terminates a member's membership, the committee must give the member a full and fair opportunity to show why the membership should not be terminated.
(5) If after considering representations made by the member, the management committee decides to terminate the membership, the secretary must give the member a written notice of the decision.
(6) If a person's membership fees be in arrears for 3 months or more that person may be removed as a member of the association without exercising the provisions of Rule 10 (4) or the need for notification by the secretary.

## 11 Appeal against rejection or termination of membership

(1) A person whose application for membership has been rejected by the delegated persons, or whose membership has been terminated by the management committee, may give the secretary written notice of the intention to appeal against the decision.
(2) A notice of intention to appeal must be given to the secretary within 28 days after the person receives notice of the decision.
(3) If the secretary receives a notice of intention to appeal against -
(a) rejection of membership - then the secretary must within 3 months after receiving the notice, convene a management committee meeting to decide the appeal.
(b) termination of membership - then the secretary must, convene a special general meeting to determine the appeal in accordance with rule 39 .

## 12 Management committees or special general meeting to decide appeal

(1) If an applicant lodges an appeal the applicant must be given a full and fair opportunity to show why the application should not be rejected or the membership should not be terminated.
(2) Also the management committee or the delegated persons must be given a full and fair opportunity to show why the application should be rejected or the membership should be terminated.
(3) An appeal must be decided by a majority vote of the members present and eligible to vote at the meeting deciding the appeal.
(4) If a person's application for membership has been rejected or the person's membership terminated and that person does not appeal against the decision within 1 month after receiving notice of the decision, or the person appeals but the appeal is unsuccessful, the membership fees paid by the person shall be refunded as soon as practical.

## 13 Register of members

(1) The management committee must keep a register of members of the association.
(2) The register must include the following particulars for each member-
(a) the full name of the member;
(b) the postal or residential address of the member;
(c) the date of admission as a member or anniversary date of membership;
(d) the date of birth
(3) The register may also contain any other particulars the management committee decide such as -
(a) the date of death or time of resignation of the member;
(b) details about the termination or reinstatement of membership.
(4) The register is subject to privacy and member protection provisions as determined by the management committee, and unless determined otherwise by the management committee a register showing only member's names shall be provided upon written request by a member of the association.

## 14 Prohibition on use of information on register of members

(1) Unless approved by the management committee a member of the association must not-
(a) use information obtained from the register of members of the association to contact, or send material to, another member of the association for the purpose of advertising for political, religious, charitable or commercial purposes; or
(b) disclose information obtained from the register to someone else, knowing that the information is likely to be used to contact, or send material to, another member of the association for the purpose of advertising for political, religious, charitable or commercial purposes.
(2) Subrule (1) does not apply if the use or disclosure of the information is approved by the association.

## 15 Appointment or election of secretary

(1) The secretary must be an individual residing in Queensland, or in another State but not more than 65 km from the Queensland border, who is-
(a) a member of the association elected by the association as secretary; or
(b) any of the following persons appointed by the management committee as secretary-
(i) a member of the association's management committee;
(ii) another member of the association;
(iii) another person.
(2) If a vacancy happens in the office of secretary, the members of the management committee must ensure a secretary is appointed or elected for the association within 1 month after the vacancy happens.
(3) If the management committee appoints a person mentioned in subrule (1)(b)(ii) as secretary, other than to fill a casual vacancy on the management committee, the person does not become a member of the management committee.
(5) However, if the management committee appoints a person mentioned in subrule (1)(b)(ii) as secretary to fill a casual vacancy on the management committee, the person becomes a member of the management committee.
(6) If the management committee appoints a person mentioned in subrule (1)(b)(iii) as secretary, the person does not become a member of the management committee.
(7) In this rule- casual vacancy, on a management committee, means a vacancy that happens when an elected member of the management committee resigns, dies or otherwise stops holding office.

## 16 Removal of secretary

(1) The management committee of the association may at any time remove a person appointed by the committee as the secretary.
(2) If the management committee removes a secretary who is a person mentioned in rule $15(1)(b)(i)$, the person remains a member of the management committee.
(3) If the management committee removes a secretary who is a person mentioned in rule $15(1)(\mathrm{b})(\mathrm{ii})$ and who has been appointed to a casual vacancy on the management committee under rule 15(5), the person remains a member of the management committee.

## 17 Functions of secretary

The secretary's functions include, but are not limited to-
(a) calling meetings of the association, including preparing notices of a meeting and of the business to be conducted at the meeting in consultation with the president of the association; and
(b) keeping minutes of each meeting; and
(c) keeping copies of all correspondence and other documents relating to the association; and
(d) unless this function is delegated to another person by the management committee, maintaining the register of members of the association.

## 18 Membership of management committee

(1) The management committee of the association consists of a president, a vice president, a secretary, a treasurer, and 2 general management committee members, or any others members the members of the association elect at general meetings to the management committee.
(2) A member of the management committee, other than a secretary appointed by the management committee under rule $15(1)($ b)(iii), must be a member of the association.
(3) The term of office on the management committee shall be two years, and subject to Rule 20 , the president, secretary and 1 general management committee member shall retire from office at the annual general meeting in even numbered year, and the vice president, treasurer and 1 general management committee member shall retire from office at the annual general meeting in odd numbered years.
(4) A member of the association may be appointed to a casual vacancy on the management committee under rule 21 .
(5) A member of the management committee appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall retire from office at the next annual general meeting.
(6) The members of the management committee who retire from office are eligible, on nomination, for re-election.
(7) Life members are entitled to attend management committee meetings, view information, ask questions and be consulted, but are not members of the management committee and have no right to vote at management committee meetings.

## 19 Electing the management committee

(1) A member of the management committee may only be elected as follows-
(a) any 2 members of the association eligible to vote may nominate another member (the candidate) to serve as a member of the management committee;
(b) the nomination must be-
(i) in writing; and
(ii) signed by the candidate and the members who nominated him or her; and
(iii) given to the secretary by the date specified on the notice issued in accordance with Rule 35, and such date shall be at least 14 days before the annual general meeting at which the election is to be held;
(c) each member of the association present and eligible to vote at the annual general meeting may vote for 1 candidate for each vacant position on the management committee;
(d) if, at the start of the meeting, there are not enough candidates nominated, nominations may be taken from the floor of the meeting. If a valid nomination has been received for a position then nominations shall not be taken from the floor.
(2) A person may be a candidate only if the person-
(a) is an adult; and
(b) is not ineligible to be elected as a member under section 61A of the Act.
(c) is eligible to vote
(3) A list of the candidates names in alphabetical order, with the names of the members who nominated each candidate, must be posted in a conspicuous place in the office or usual place of meeting of the association for at least 14 days immediately preceding the annual general meeting.
(4) If required by the management committee, balloting lists must be prepared containing the names of the candidates in alphabetical order.
(5) The management committee must ensure that, before a candidate is elected as a member of the management committee, the candidate is advised-
(a) whether or not the association has public liability insurance; and
(b) if the association has public liability insurance-the amount of the insurance.
(6) To be elected, a candidate if the sole candidate for a position, can only be declared elected with a vote of the members confirming the declaration.

## 20 Resignation, removal or vacation of office of management committee member

(1) A member of the management committee may resign from the committee by giving written notice of resignation to the secretary.
(2) The resignation takes effect at-
(a) the time the notice is received by the secretary; or
(b) if a later time is stated in the notice- the later time.
(3) A member may be removed from office at a special general meeting of the association if a majority of the members present and eligible to vote at the meeting vote in favour of removing the member.
(4) Before a vote of members is taken about removing the member from office, the member must be given a full and fair opportunity to show cause why he or she should not be removed from office.
(5) A member has no right of appeal against the member's removal from office under this rule.
(6) A member immediately vacates the office of member in the circumstances mentioned in section 64(2) of the Act.

## 21 Vacancies on management committee

(1) If a casual vacancy happens on the management committee, the continuing members of the committee may appoint another member of the association to fill the vacancy, either in the vacant position, another position or as a general management committee member, until the next annual general meeting.
(2) The continuing members of the management committee may act despite a casual vacancy on the management committee.
(3) However, if the number of committee members is less than the number fixed under rule 24(1) as a quorum of the management committee, the continuing members may act only to-
(a) increase the number of management committee members to the number required for a quorum; or
(b) call a general meeting of the association.

## 22 Functions of management committee

(1) Subject to these rules or a resolution of the members of the association carried at a general meeting, the management committee has the general control and management of the administration of the affairs, property and funds of the association.
(2) The management committee has authority to interpret the meaning of these rules and any matter relating to the association on which the rules are silent, but any interpretation must have regard to the Act, including any regulation made under the Act.
Note- The Act prevails if the associations rules are inconsistent with the Act-see section $1 B$ of the Act.
(3) The management committee may exercise the powers of the association-
(a) to borrow, raise or secure the payment of amounts in a way the members of the association decide; and
(b) to secure the amounts mentioned in paragraph (a) or the payment or performance of any debt, liability, contract, guarantee or other engagement incurred or to be entered into by the association in any way, including by the issue of debentures (perpetual or otherwise) charged upon the whole or part of the associations property, both present and future; and
(c) to purchase, redeem or pay off any securities issued; and
(d) to borrow amounts from members and pay interest on the amounts borrowed; and
(e) to mortgage or charge the whole or part of its property; and
(f) to issue debentures and other securities, whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the association; and
(g) to provide and pay off any securities issued; and
(h) to invest in a way the members of the association may from time to time decide.
(4) For subrule (3)(d), the rate of interest must not be more than the current rate being charged for overdrawn accounts on money lent (regardless of the term of the loan) by-
(a) the financial institution for the association; or
(b) if there is more than 1 financial institution for the association-the financial institution nominated by the management committee.
(5) The management committee may employ staff or appoint volunteer officers to assist with the management, administration and the day to day running of the association. These officers may be delegated powers, and allocated duties and roles as the management committee determines. These officers may consist of an executive officer, a financial officer, a registrar, a field captain, a fund raising coordinator, a communications officer, a web master, a web content manager, a publicity officer, a club coach, a coaching coordinator, an officiating coordinator, a field maintenance coordinator, an equipment officer, officials or judges, a tournament secretary, a canteen convenor, sport ambassadors, member protection information officer, complaints manager, first aid officer, or any other officers that the management committee considers necessary.
(6) The management committee may from time to time determine any participation fee or levy payable by members or visitors.

## 23 Meetings of management committee

(1) Subject to this rule, the management committee may meet and conduct its proceedings as it considers appropriate.
(2) The management committee must meet at least once every 4 months to exercise its functions.
(3) The management committee must decide how a meeting is to be called.
(4) Notice of a meeting is to be given in the way decided by the management committee.
(5) The management committee may hold meetings, or permit a committee member to take part in its meetings, by using any technology that reasonably allows the member to hear and take part in discussions as they happen.
(6) A committee member who participates in the meeting as mentioned in subrule (5) is taken to be present at the meeting.
(7) A question arising at a committee meeting is to be decided by a majority vote of members of the committee present at the meeting and, if the votes are equal, the chairperson has a second or casting vote.
(8) A member of the management committee must not vote on a question about a contract or proposed contract with the association if the member has an interest in the contract or proposed contract and, if the member does vote, the member's vote must not be counted.
(9) The president is to preside as chairperson at a management committee meeting.
(10) If there is no president or if the president is not present within 30 minutes after the time fixed for a management committee meeting, the vice president shall chair the meeting, or if unable or willing to then the members may choose 1 of their number to preside as chairperson at the meeting.

## 24 Quorum for, and adjournment of, management committee meeting

(1) At a management committee meeting, more than $50 \%$ of the members of the management committee as elected as at the close of the last general meeting form a quorum.
(2) If there is no quorum within 30 minutes after the time fixed for a management committee meeting, the meeting lapses.

## 25 Special meeting of management committee

(1) If the secretary receives a written request signed by at least $33 \%$ of the members of the management committee, the secretary must call a special meeting of the management committee by giving each member of the management committee notice of the meeting within 14 days after the secretary receives the request.
(2) If the secretary is unable or unwilling to call the special meeting, the president must call the meeting.
(3) A request for a special meeting must state-
(a) why the special meeting is called; and
(b) the business to be conducted at the meeting.
(4) A notice of a special meeting of the management committee must state-
(a) the day, time and place of the meeting; and
(b) the business to be conducted at the meeting.
(5) A special meeting of the management committee must be held within 14 days after notice of the meeting is given to the members of the management committee.

## 26 Minutes of management committee meetings

(1) The secretary must ensure full and accurate minutes are kept of the proceedings of each management committee meeting, including the recording of resolutions.
(2) To ensure the accuracy of the minutes, the minutes of each management committee meeting must be signed by the chairperson of the meeting, or the chairperson of the next management committee meeting, verifying their accuracy.

## 27 Appointment of subcommittees

(1) The management committee may appoint a subcommittee consisting of members of the association considered appropriate by the committee to help with the conduct of the associations operations.
(2) A member of the subcommittee who is not a member of the management committee is not entitled to vote at a management committee meeting.
(3) The management committee may appoint the chairperson for a subcommittee; however a subcommittee may elect a chairperson of its meetings if one has not been appointed by the management committee.
(4) If a chairperson is not present within 30 minutes after the time fixed for a meeting, the members present may choose 1 of their number to be chairperson of that meeting.
(5) A subcommittee shall follow the directions of the management committee but subject to this may meet and adjourn as it considers appropriate.
(6) A question arising at a subcommittee meeting is to be decided by a majority vote of the members present at the meeting and, if the votes are equal, the chairperson has a second or casting vote.

## 28 Acts not affected by defects or disqualifications

(1) An act performed by the management committee, a subcommittee or a person acting as a member of the management committee is taken to have been validly performed.
(2) Subrule (1) applies even if the act was performed when-
(a) there was a defect in the appointment of a member of the management committee, subcommittee or person acting as a member of the management committee; or
(b) a management committee member, subcommittee member or person acting as a member of the management committee was disqualified from being a member.

## 29 Resolutions of management committee without meeting

(1) A resolution in writing or electronic communication signed by each member of the management committee either by hand or by electronic signature is as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a committee meeting that was properly called and held.
(2) A resolution mentioned in subrule (1) may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by 1 or more members of the committee.

## 30 Exceptional circumstances

Should there at any time not be a management committee of the association, exceptional circumstances exist and the life members of the association may convene as a temporary management committee and firstly arrange the election of a new management committee and in the meantime manage the affairs of the association.

## 31 Annual general meetings

Each annual general meeting must be held -
(a) at least once each year; and
(b) within 6 months after the end date of the association's reportable financial year.

32 Business to be conducted at annual general meeting of level 1 incorporated associations and particular level 2 and 3 incorporated associations
(1) This rule applies only if the association is-
(a) a level 1 incorporated association; or
(b) a level 2 incorporated association to which section 59 of the Act applies; or
(c) a level 3 incorporated association to which section 59 of the Act applies.
(2) The following business must be conducted at each annual general meeting of the association-
(a) receiving the association's financial statement, and audit report, for the last reportable financial year;
(b) presenting the financial statement and audit report to the meeting for adoption;
(c) electing members of the management committee;
(d) for a level 1 incorporated association-appointing an auditor or an accountant for the present financial year;
(e) for a level 2 incorporated association, or a level 3 incorporated association, to which section 59 of the Act applies-appointing an auditor, an accountant or an approved person for the present financial year.

## 33 Business to be conducted at annual general meeting of other level 2 incorporated associations

(1) This rule applies only if the association is a level 2 incorporated association to which section 59A of the Act applies.
(2) The following business must be conducted at each annual general meeting of the association-
(a) receiving the association's financial statement, and signed statement, for the last reportable financial year;
(b) presenting the financial statement and signed statement to the meeting for adoption;
(c) electing members of the management committee;
(d) appointing an auditor, an accountant or an approved person for the present financial year.

## 34 Business to be conducted at annual general meeting of other level 3 incorporated associations

(1) This rule applies only if the association is a level 3 incorporated association to which section 59B of the Act applies.
(2) The following business must be conducted at each annual general meeting of the association-
(a) receiving the association's financial statement, and signed statement, for the last reportable financial year;
(b) presenting the financial statement and signed statement to the meeting for adoption;
(c) electing members of the management committee.

## 35 Notice of general meeting

(1) The secretary may call a general meeting of the association.
(2) The secretary must give at least 28 days notice of the meeting to each member of the association.
(3) If the secretary is unable or unwilling to call the meeting, the president must call the meeting.
(4) The management committee may decide the way in which the notice must be given.
(5) However, notice of the following meetings must be given in writing-
(a) a meeting called to hear and decide a proposed special resolution of the association.
(6) A notice of a general meeting must state the business to be conducted at the meeting.

## 36 Quorum for, and adjournment of, general meeting

(1) The quorum for a general meeting is at least the number of members elected or appointed to the management committee at the close of the association's last general meeting plus 1.
(2) However, if all members of the association are members of the management committee, the quorum is the total number of members less 1 .
(3) No business may be conducted at a general meeting unless there is a quorum of members when the meeting proceeds to business.
(4) If there is no quorum within 30 minutes after the time fixed for a general meeting called on the request of members of the management committee or the association, the meeting lapses.
(5) If there is no quorum within 30 minutes after the time fixed for a general meeting called other than on the request of members of the management committee or the association-
(a) the meeting is to be adjourned for at least 7 days; and
(b) the management committee is to decide the day, time and place of the adjourned meeting.
(6) The chairperson may, with the consent of any meeting at which there is a quorum, and must if directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place.
(7) If a meeting is adjourned under subrule (6), only the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place may be conducted at the adjourned meeting.
(8) The secretary is not required to give the members notice of an adjournment or of the business to be conducted at an adjourned meeting unless a meeting is adjourned for at least 28 days.
(9) If a meeting is adjourned for at least 28 days, notice of the adjourned meeting must be given in the same way notice is given for an original meeting.

## 37 Procedure at general meeting

(1) A member who is entitled to vote may take part and vote in a general meeting in person or when the management committee so approves by using any technology that reasonably allows the member to hear and take part in discussions as they happen.
(2) A member who participates in a meeting as mentioned in subrule (1) is taken to be present at the meeting.
(3) At each general meeting-
(a) the president is to preside as chairperson; and
(b) if there is no president or if the president is not present within 30 minutes after the time fixed for the meeting or is unwilling to act, then the vice president shall chair the meeting if possible, but if not then the members present must elect 1 of their number to be chairperson of the meeting; and
(c) the chairperson must conduct the meeting in a proper and orderly way.

## 38 Voting at general meeting

(1) At a general meeting, each question, matter or resolution, other than a special resolution, must be decided by a majority of votes of the members present.
(2) Each member present and eligible to vote is entitled to 1 vote only and, if the votes are equal, the chairperson has a casting vote as well as a primary vote.
(3) A member is not entitled to vote at a general meeting if the member's annual subscription is in arrears at the date of the meeting.
(4) The method of voting is to be decided by the management committee.
(5) However, if at least $20 \%$ of the members present demand a secret ballot, voting must be by secret ballot.
(6) If a secret ballot is held, the chairperson must appoint 2 members to conduct the secret ballot in the way the chairperson decides.
(7) The result of a secret ballot as declared by the chairperson is taken to be a resolution of the meeting at which the ballot was held.
(8) Voting at a general meeting by proxy or by attorney is not permitted.

## 39 Special general meeting of the association

(1) The secretary must issue a notice to call a special general meeting of the association by as far as practical giving each member of the association notice of the meeting and by posting the notice in a conspicuous place in the office and usual place of meeting of the association, and if possible on the official web site of the association, and within 14 days after -
(a) being directed to call the meeting by the management committee; or
(b) being given a written request signed by at least the number of ordinary members of the association equal to at least $20 \%$ of the total adult ordinary membership; or
(c) given written notice of an intention to appeal against the decision of the management committee to terminate a person's membership.
(2) A request mentioned in subrule (1)(b) must state-
(a) why the special general meeting is being called; and
(b) the business to be conducted at the meeting.
(3) The issue of the notice must comply with rule 35 (2)
(4) A special general meeting must be held within 60 days after the secretary-
(a) is directed to call the meeting by the management committee; or
(b) is given the written request mentioned in subrule (1)(b); or
(4) If the secretary is unable or unwilling to call the special meeting, the president must call the meeting.

## 40 Regulations

(1) This constitution forms a contract between each member and the association, and each member is bound by the constitution and the regulations.
(2) All regulations, such as by-laws, rules, policies, codes of practice, procedures and resolutions of the management committee are binding on all members of the association.
(3) Members shall act in the best interest of the association.

## 41 Minutes of general meetings

(1) The secretary must ensure full and accurate minutes of all questions, matters, resolutions and other proceedings of each general meeting are kept.
(2) To ensure the accuracy of the minutes-
(a) the minutes of each general meeting must be signed by the chairperson of the meeting, or the chairperson of the next general meeting, verifying their accuracy; and
(b) the minutes of each annual general meeting must be signed by the chairperson of the meeting, or the chairperson of the next meeting of the association that is a general meeting or annual general meeting, verifying their accuracy.
(3) If asked by a member of the association, the secretary must, within 2 months after the request is made-
(a) make the minutes for a particular general meeting available for inspection by the member at a mutually agreed time and place; and
(b) give the member copies of the minutes of the meeting.
(4) The association may require the member to pay the reasonable costs of providing copies of the minutes.

## 42 By-laws

(1) The management committee may make, amend or repeal by-laws, not inconsistent with these rules, for the internal management of the association.
(2) A by-law may be set aside by a vote of members at a general meeting of the association.
(3) By-laws shall include rules, codes, policies, procedures, instructions and other documents.

## 43 Alteration of rules

(1) Subject to the Act, these rules may be amended, repealed or added to by a special resolution requiring $3 / 4$ majority carried at a general meeting.
(2) However an amendment, repeal or addition is valid only if it is registered by the chief executive.

## 44 Common seal

(1) The management committee must ensure the association has a common seal.
(2) The common seal must be-
(a) kept securely by the management committee; and
(b) used only under the authority of the management committee.
(3) Each instrument to which the seal is attached must be signed by the president or another member of the management committee and countersigned by-
(a) the secretary; or
(b) another member of the management committee; or
(c) someone authorised by the management committee.

## 45 Funds and accounts

(1) The funds of the association must be kept in an account in the name of the association or in the trading name of the association in a financial institution decided by the management committee.
(2) Records and accounts must be kept in the English language showing full and accurate particulars of the financial affairs of the association.
(3) All amounts must be deposited in the financial institution account as soon as practicable after receipt.
(4) A payment by the association of $\$ 100$ or more must be made by cheque or electronic funds transfer.
(5) Where payment is made by cheque or electronic transfer, the cheque must be signed or the electronic transfer approved by any 2 of the following-
(a) the president;
(b) the vice president
(b) the secretary;
(c) the treasurer;
(d) any other member of the association who has been authorised by the management committee to sign cheques issued by the association.
(6) However, 1 of the persons who signs the cheque or approves the electronic transfer must be the president, the vice president, the secretary or the treasurer.
(7) Cheques, other than cheques for wages, allowances or petty cash recoupment, must be crossed not negotiable.
(8) A petty cash account must be kept on the imprest system, and the management committee must decide the amount of petty cash to be kept in the account.
(9) All expenditure must be approved or ratified at a management committee meeting.

## 46 General financial matters

(1) On behalf of the management committee, the treasurer must, as soon as practicable after the end date of each financial year, ensure a financial statement for its last reportable financial year is prepared.
(2) The income and property of the association must be used solely in promoting the association's objects and exercising the association's powers.

## 47 Documents

The management committee must ensure the safe custody of books, documents, instruments of title and securities of the association. The books, documents, financial records and other instruments of the association, except for the annual financial statement, the auditor's report and other reports for general meetings, shall be kept confidential and may only be released to, inspected by or copied by or for members or other persons with the approval of the president or the management committee or an officer delegated by the management committee, and shall be subject to the provision of an undertaking as to confidentiality or as otherwise compelled by law.

## 48 Financial year

The end date of the association's financial year is $\mathbf{3 0}$ June in each year.

## 49 Distribution of surplus assets to another entity

(1) This rule applies if the association-
(a) is wound-up under part 10 of the Act; and
(b) has surplus assets.
(2) The surplus assets must not be distributed among the members of the association.
(3) The surplus assets must be given to another entity-
(a) having objects similar to the association's objects; and
(b) the rules of which prohibit the distribution of the entity's income and assets to its members.
(4) In this rule- surplus assets see section 92(3) of the Act.

## 50 Affiliations

(1) If affiliated with South Queensland Archery Society Inc or Archery Australia Inc the association may not resign, disaffiliate or withdraw from the affiliation without approval by special resolution.
(2) To enable adequate consideration by the members of the association of the implications of the resignation, disaffiliation or withdrawal referred to in Rule 50 (1), the special general meeting called to consider the motion for a special resolution shall be held at least 6 weeks after the issue of the notice of the meeting. All members of the association including life members shall be given opportunity to talk to any such motion.

